Name:

Date:

SERIES ADDITIVE

An=Ao+d(n-i)

Propositive terrical

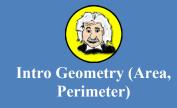
Action

Propositive terrical

Prime factorization

Tall 132

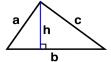
WORKSHEET:



Area and Perimeter Formulas

Triangles - Common

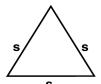
A polygon with three angles and three sides.



Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 base x height = $\frac{1}{2}$ bh

Perimeter =
$$a + b + c$$

Equilateral Triangles



A Triangle with all three sides of equal length.

Area =
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$
 x (side)² = $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ s²

Perimeter =
$$3 \times sides = 3 s$$

Right Triangles



A Triangle with one right angle.

Area =
$$\frac{ba}{2}$$

Perimeter =
$$a + b + c$$

Square



A Square is a quadrilateral with four equal sides and angles at 90.

$$Area = a^2$$

Circle

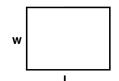


A circle has all points the same distance from the center

Area =
$$\pi r^2$$

Circumference =
$$2\pi r$$

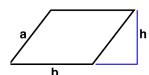
Area and Perimeter Formulas



Rectangle

A Rectangle is a quadrilateral with four equal angles at 90.

Perimeter =
$$2(w + I)$$



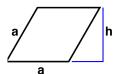
Parallelogram

A Parallelogram is a quadrilateral with opposite sides parallel.

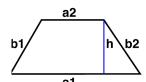
Perimeter =
$$2(a + b)$$

H D





A Rhombus is a Parallelogram with all sides equal.

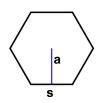


Trapezoid

A Trapezoid is a Quadrilateral with at least one pair of parallel sides.

Area =
$$\frac{a1 + a2}{2}$$
 h

Perimeter =
$$a1 + a2 + b1 + b2$$

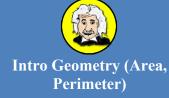


Regular n-gon

A Regular Polygon is a polygon for which n sides and angles are equal.

Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (a n s)

Perimeter =
$$n s$$



Identify and Calculate the Area and Perimeter for each Quadrilateral.

1)	a	h	
		С	

a = 5.45 ftc = 8.6 ft h = 5.1 ft

4) a/h

a = 6.3 ft h = 5.76 ft

Area: ______

Type: _____

7) w

l = 7 yds w = 4.2 yds

a h

a = 5.31 mmc = 10 mm h = 5 mm

5) s

s = 6 mm

8)

a = 5 inches h = 4.37 inches

Area: ______

Perimeter: ______

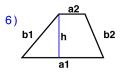
Type: ______

3) a2 b1 h b2

a1 = 9 cm a2 = 4.8 cm b1 = 6.06 cm b2 = 4.61 cmh = 4.6 cm

Area: _____

Type:



a1 = 9.7 inches b1 = 6.81 inches a2 = 3.1 inches b2 = 5.64 inches

h = 5.2 inches

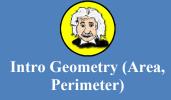
9)

Area: ______
Perimeter: _____

Туре: _____



I = 7.8 cm W = 5.5 cm



Identify and Calculate the Area and Perimeter for each Triangle.

4	٨
ı	,



a = 72 cm b = 54 cm

c = 90 cm

Area:

Perimeter:

Type:

2)



s = 70 mm

h = 60.6 mm

Area:

Perimeter:

Type:

3)



a = 56 mm b = 68 mm

h = 60.6 mm

Area: __

Perimeter:

Type:

4)



a = 52 inches b = 79 inches

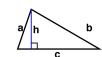
h = 72.2 inches

Area:

Perimeter:

Type:

5)



a = 48.62 yds b = 91.65 yds

c = 95 yds h = 46 yds

Area: _

Perimeter: _

Type:

6)



a = 52.61 yds b = 89.47 yds

c = 94 yds h = 49 yds

Area:

Perimeter:

Type:

7)



a = 88 cm b = 47 cm

c = 99.76 cm

Area:

Perimeter:

Type:

8)



a = 59 ft b = 77 ft

h = 69.2 ft

Area:

Perimeter:

Type:

9)



s = 74 inches

h = 64.1 inches

Area:

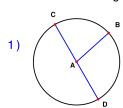
Perimeter:

Type:



Intro Geometry (Area, Perimeter)

Solve the missing elements for each problem. Use 3.14 for π . Area = πr^2 ; C = πD



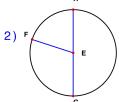
Radius:

Diameter:

inches

Circumference:

Area:

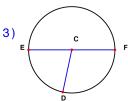


Radius:

Circumference:

Diameter: 16 ft

Area:



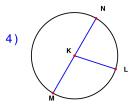
Radius:

Diameter:

Circumference:

cm

Area:



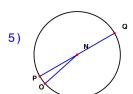
Radius:

Diameter:

40 inches

Circumference:

Area:



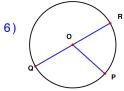
Radius:

16

Diameter:

Circumference:

Area:



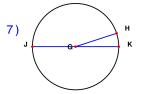
Radius:

Diameter:

14 cm

Circumference:

Area:

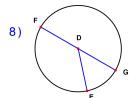


Radius:

Diameter: inches

Circumference:

Area:

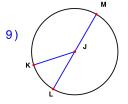


Radius:

19 Diameter:

Circumference:

Area:



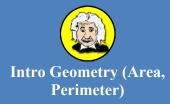
Radius:

12 cm

Diameter:

Circumference:

Area:

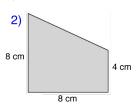


Compound Shapes

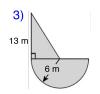
Find the area of each figure, round your answer to the nearest whole number if necessary.



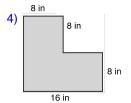
Area: _____



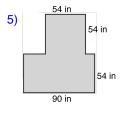
Area: _____



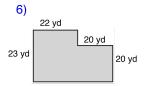
Area: _____



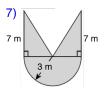
Area: _____



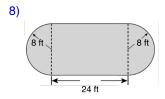
Area: _____



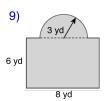
Area: _____



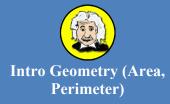
Area: _____



Area: _____

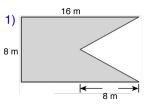


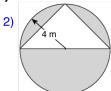
Area: _____

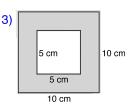


Compound Shapes

Find the area of each figure, round your answer to the nearest whole number if necessary.



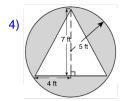




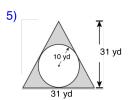
Area: _____

Area: _____

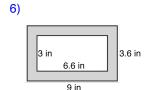
Area: _____



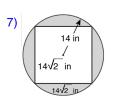
Area: _____



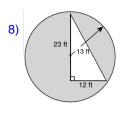
Area: _____



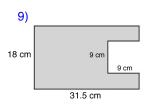
Area: _____



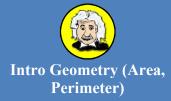
Area: _____



Area: _____



Area: _____

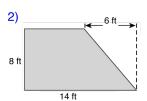


Compound Shapes

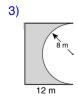
Find the area of each figure, round your answer to the nearest whole number if necessary.



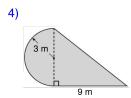
Area: _____



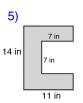
Area: _____



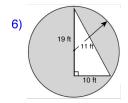
Area: _____



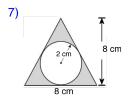
Area: _____



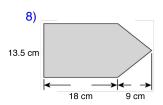
Area: _____



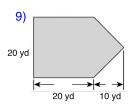
Area: _____



Area: _____



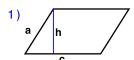
Area: _____



Area: _____



Identify and Calculate the Area and Perimeter for each Quadrilateral.



a = 5.45 ftc = 8.6 ft h = 5.1 ft

 Area:
 43.86 sq ft

 Perimeter:
 28.1 ft

 Type:
 Parallelogram

Type: Parallelogram
4)

a = 6.3 ft h = 5.76 ft

 Area:
 36.288 sq ft

 Perimeter:
 25.2 ft

 Type:
 Rhombus

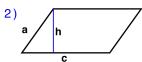
7) w

I = 7 yds w = 4.2 yds

 Area:
 29.4 sq yds

 Perimeter:
 22.4 yds

 Type:
 Rectangle

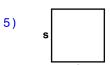


a = 5.31 mmc = 10 mm h = 5 mm

 Area:
 50 sq mm

 Perimeter:
 30.62 mm

 Type:
 Parallelogram



s = 6 mm

 Area:
 36 sq mm

 Perimeter:
 24 mm

 Type:
 Square

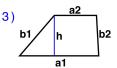


a = 5 inches h = 4.37 inches

 Area:
 21.85 sq inches

 Perimeter:
 20 inches

 Type:
 Rhombus



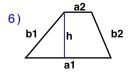
a1 = 9 cm a2 = 4.8 cm b1 = 6.06 cm b2 = 4.61 cm

h = 4.6 cm

 Area:
 31.74 sq cm

 Perimeter:
 24.47 cm

 Type:
 Trapezoid



a1 = 9.7 inches a2 = 3.1 inches b1 = 6.81 inches b2 = 5.64 inches

h = 5.2 inches

9)

 Area:
 33.28 sq inches

 Perimeter:
 25.25 inches

 Type:
 Trapezoid

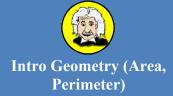


I = 7.8 cm w = 5.5 cm

 Area:
 42.9 sq cm

 Perimeter:
 26.6 cm

 Type:
 Rectangle



Identify and Calculate the Area and Perimeter for each Triangle.

1)



b = 54 cma = 72 cm

c = 90 cm

4)

1944 sq cm Area:

216 cm Perimeter:

Right Triangle Type:

2)

5)



s = 70 mm

h = 60.6 mm2121 sq mm Area:

210 mm Perimeter:

Equilateral Triangle Type:

a = 48.62 yds b = 91.65 yds

2185 sq yds

Common Triangle

235.27 yds

c = 95 yds h = 46 yds

3)



b = 68 mm a = 56 mm

h = 60.6 mm

Type:

6)

1696.8 sq mm Area:

192 mm Perimeter:

Isosceles Triangle



a = 52 inches b = 79 inches

h = 72.2 inches

1877.2 sq inches Area: 210 inches Perimeter:

Type: Isosceles Triangle



a = 52.61 yds b = 89.47 yds

c = 94 ydsh = 49 yds

2303 sq yds Area: 236.08 yds

Perimeter: Type: Common Triangle

7)



a = 88 cm b = 47 cm

c = 99.76 cm

2068 sq cm Area: Perimeter: 234.76 cm

Right Triangle Type:

8)

Area:

Type:

Perimeter:



a = 59 ft b = 77 ft

h = 69.2 ft

2041.4 sq ft Area: Perimeter: 213 ft

Isosceles Triangle Type:

9)



s = 74 inches

h = 64.1 inches

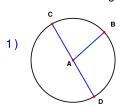
2371.7 sq inches Area: 222 inches Perimeter:

Type: Equilateral Triangle



Intro Geometry (Area, Perimeter)

Solve the missing elements for each problem. Use 3.14 for $rac{r}{r}$. Area = $rac{r}{r}^2$; $C = rac{r}{r}$ D

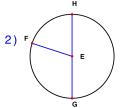


 Radius:
 6
 inches

 Diameter:
 12
 inches

 Circumference:
 37.68
 inches

 Area:
 113.04
 inches

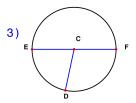


 Radius:
 8
 ft

 Diameter:
 16
 ft

 Circumference:
 50.24
 ft

 Area:
 200.96
 ft

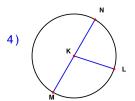


 Radius:
 9
 cm

 Diameter:
 18
 cm

 Circumference:
 56.52
 cm

 Area:
 254.34
 cm

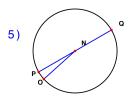


 Radius:
 20
 inches

 Diameter:
 40
 inches

 Circumference:
 125.6
 inches

 Area:
 1256
 inches

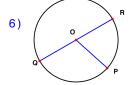


 Radius:
 16
 ft

 Diameter:
 32
 ft

 Circumference:
 100.48
 ft

 Area:
 803.84
 ft

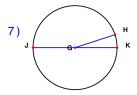


 Radius:
 7
 cm

 Diameter:
 14
 cm

 Circumference:
 43.96
 cm

 Area:
 153.86
 cm

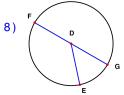


 Radius:
 18
 inches

 Diameter:
 36
 inches

 Circumference:
 113.04
 inches

 Area:
 1017.36
 inches

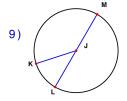


 Radius:
 19
 ft

 Diameter:
 38
 ft

 Circumference:
 119.32
 ft

 Area:
 1133.54
 ft

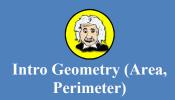


 Radius:
 12
 cm

 Diameter:
 24
 cm

 Circumference:
 75.36
 cm

 Area:
 452.16
 cm

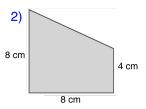


Compound Shapes

Find the area of each figure, round your answer to the nearest whole number if necessary.



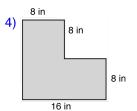
Area: 79 ft²



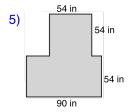
Area: 48 cm²

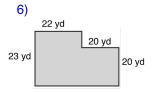


Area: <u>96 m²</u>

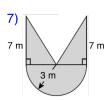


Area: 192 in2

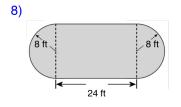




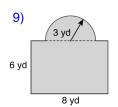
Area: <u>906 yd²</u>



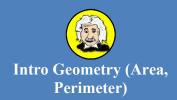
Area: <u>35 m</u>²



Area: <u>585 ft</u>²

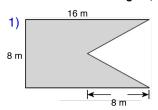


Area: 62 yd²

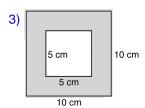


Compound Shapes

Find the area of each figure, round your answer to the nearest whole number if necessary.



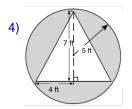
2) 4 m



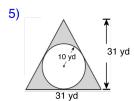
Area: <u>96 m²</u>

Area: 34 m²

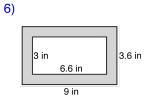
Area: 75 cm²



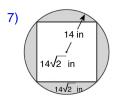
Area: 51 ft²



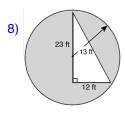
Area: <u>166 yd</u>²



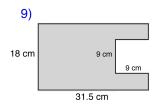
Area: 13 in2



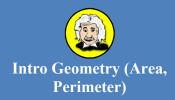
Area: 224 in²



Area: 393 ft²



Area: 486 cm²

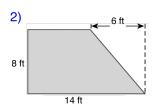


Compound Shapes

Find the area of each figure, round your answer to the nearest whole number if necessary.



Area: 89 in²

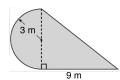


Area: 88 ft²

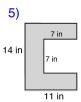


Area: 91 m²

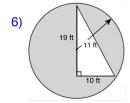




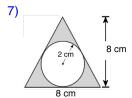
Area: 41 m²



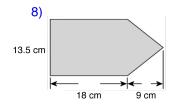
Area: __105 in2



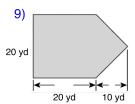
Area: <u>285 ft</u>²



Area: 19 cm²



Area: 304 cm²



Area: 500 yd2

KEY CONCEPTS:

Learn the basic concepts of area and perimeter(circumference) applied to the basic shapes; triangle, circle, quadrilaterals(square, rectangle, trapezoid, and parallelogram).

- **1.** Memorize the formulas for area and perimeter of each of the above shapes and be able to calculate both values given the appropriate inputs.
- 2. Be able to derive the combined area of combinations of shapes added together.
- **3.** Be able to derive the net area of combinations of shapes subtracted from each other. i.e. find the shaded area by subtracting inner shape from outer shape area.